Japan's ODA: Rolling Plan for the Republic of Fiji

【Diplomatic Consideration, etc.】
1. In line with the Principle of ODA Implementation in Japan's Official Development Assistance Charter, assistance to Fiji is supposed to be limited to the following areas and projects, paying due consideration to the situation in Fiji toward the recovery of democracy process; (1) contributing to the improvement of people's lives such as education, health and support for social vulnerable groups, (2) addressing global issues such as environment and infectious diseases, and (3) addressing common issues of the Pacific Island countries by implementing regional cooperation projects.
2. In order to facilitate democracy in Fiji, dialogues with Fiji will be maintained and strengthened.

【Priority Area】	Environment/Climate Change

【Background】
In the Pacific region, the amount of waste is increasing due to modern lifestyle depending on imported goods and the present waste disposal system is not functioning appropriately. Waste management is a regional common issue, and some improvements achieved through Japanese cooperation in Samoa and Vanuatu have been introduced into other countries in the region. In the Pacific Island countries, natural environment is an important resource for tourism and other sectors, hence establishing an appropriate waste management system and a sustainable natural resource management system is a critical issue. Furthermore, as a primary industry, fisheries industry requires measures to address resource degradation and sustainable use of resources.

【Japan's Assistance policy】
Coordinating with regional organization such as South Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP), the Ministry of Environment and municipalities in Japan, Japan provides assistance to establish a comprehensive and integrated waste management system and to elaborate regional waste disposal plan. Japan also provides assistance to develop coastal resource management techniques through dispatching JICA experts and volunteers.

【Development Issue】 Environment Conservation

Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Before JFY 2011	JFY 2012	JFY 2013	JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
Program for Sound Material Cycle Society in the South Pacific	This program supports capacity building of public servants and residents in order to reduce the quantity of waste by classifying waste in coordination with projects, training and environmental education volunteers.	Waste Minimization and Recycling Promotion Project	TCP								
		Project for Promotion of Regional Initiative on Solid Waste Management in Pacific Island Countries (J-PRISM)	TCP								Regional
		Promoting of Green Waste Minimization and Recycling	GHGA								Regional
		Improvement of Public Health Management	GHGA								
		Environmental Education Fields Volunteers	JOCV								
		Training Courses for Waste Management	TR								
Program for Natural Environment Conservation	This program supports development of coastal resource management techniques in order to utilize fisheries resources through experts, training and volunteers. Furthermore, this program aims at forest conservation by dispatching expert.	Regional Forestry Advisor	EXP								Regional
		Coastal Community-Based Management Advisor	EXP								
		Volunteers for Sustainable Use of Marine Resources	SV								
		Training Courses for Sustainable use of Marine Resources	TR								

【Development Issue】 Climate Change

【Background】
In the Pacific region, natural disasters such as earthquakes, tsunamis and cyclones occur frequently, and the damage is expected to become more severe due to the recent climate changes.The current risk management systems for natural disasters like meteorological information systems are insufficient, and residents' awareness and preparedness are weak to deal with and mitigate the effect of natural disasters.
Promoting renewable energy is required not only for mitigating the climate change effects, but also for reducing the quantity of importing oil. The Government of Fiji sets the national target of the renewable energy against fossil fuels in on-grid power generation at 90 percent by 2015.

【Japan's Assistance policy】
In consideration of the Pacific Environment Community committed in PALM 5, Japan continues its assistance for disaster risk management and renewable energy under regional cooperation frameworks for the Pacific Islands, taking into account the viewpoint of human security.

Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule: Before JFY 2011	JFY 2012	JFY 2013	JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	備考
Disaster Risk Management Program	In order to minimize the damage of natural disasters in Fiji and neighboring countries, this program supports development of early warning system networks for cyclones, earthquakes and tsunamis, through the capacity building of weather forecasters and enhancing community based disaster risk management.	Project for Improvement of Equipment for Disaster Risk Management	GA	▬						3.00	
		Community-based Disaster Management Reinforcement Programme in the Pacific Countries	TCP	▬▬▬							Regional
		Regional Meteorology Training for Pacific Island Countries	TTR	▬▬							Regional
		Volunteers for Meteorology and Disaster Risk Management	JOCV/SV	▬▬▬▬▬							
		Training Courses for Disaster Risk Management	TR	▬▬							
Clean Energy Introduction Promotion Program	This program supports promotion of the use of renewable energy through capacity building for the planning of renewable energy development and utilization.	Project for the Effective and Efficient Use of Renewable Energy Resources in Power Supply	TCDP		– – – –						
		Training Courses for Renewable Energy Utilization	TR	▬							

【Priority Area】 Overcoming Vulnerability

【Development Issue】 Improvement of Health and Medical Services

【Background】
Infectious diseases are a common threat in the Pacific region and have been addressed as a priority. To assure sustainability of the immunization programme, human resources should be developed further. The health-related indicators of Fiji such as the infant mortality rate are relatively favorable. On the other hand, the quality of health care and medical services, especially in the remote and rural areas, still have room for improvement.

【Japan's Assistance policy】
In partnership primarily with WHO and UNICEF under the donor coordination framework, Japan continues capacity development for cold chain maintenance and vaccine logistics for the improvement of vaccination coverage. Simultaneously, Japan promotes capacity development of health workers, especially community health nurses in the Pacific region.

Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule: Before JFY 2011	JFY 2012	JFY 2013	JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
Islands Area Health and medical Program	This program supports the regional package purchase of medical equipment led by Fiji Pharmaceutical Service Centre, and improvement of cold chain and vaccine logistics through J-PIPS implemented under the coordination with WHO and UNICEF. The capacity of local medical doctors to cope with infectious diseases will be strengthened to reduce the prevalence of sending volunteers. This program, in collaboration with the Ministry of Health, aims to provide much higher quality health services and improve access.	Project for System Improvement of EPI in the Pacific Region (J-PIPS)	TCP	▬▬▬▬							Regional
		Project for Strengthening the Need-Based In-Service Training for Community Health Nurses (NB-IST)	TCP	▬▬▬▬							Regional
		Provision of Specific Medical Equipment for Pacific Program to Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis (PacELF)	EQ	▬ – – – – – – –							
		Volunteers for Physiotherapist and Medical Instruments	JOCV/SV	▬▬							
		Training Courses for Infectious Diseases Control, Community Health Service	TR	▬▬▬							

【Development Issue】 Strengthening Distance Learning in the Pacific Region

【Background】
University education is not easily accessible in the Pacific Region, especially for small countries without their own university. Distance learning offered by the University of the South Pacific (USP) is a precious educational opportunity in the region through the USP's network system (USPNet), that has been upgraded under the coordination among Australia, New Zealand and Japan. However, the capacity of distance learning in both facilities and management should be further developed, in order to respond to ICT innovation and the growing number of users. Education-related indicators of Fiji such as the school enrollment ratio are relatively favorable. On the other hand, the quality of school facilities needs to be improved and Math education and PEMAC (Physical Education, Music and Art Craft) should be strengthened.

【Japan's Assistance policy】
Japan provides assistance to improve the capacity of distance learning and training utilizing USP-Net, in coordination with the Ministry of Education and USP, based on the high expectation for distance learning technology not only for promoting higher education but also for enhancing education and dissemination in various fields. Japan provides assistance to improve the quality of Math education and PEMAC, and the capacity building of school teachers, in coordination with the Ministry of Education, for comprehensive human resource development in Fiji.

Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule Before JFY 2011	JFY 2012	JFY 2013	JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
Remote and Island Area Education Support Program	This program supports USP for improving facilities and equipment for distance learning as well as computer based education, and extends capacity building to support the utilization of ICT Centre at USP through technical cooperation project. This program provides assistance for the improvement of educational facilities by Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid (GHGA) scheme, the improvement of teaching quality in Math education, and the dissemination of PEMAC.	Project for the Construction of Information and Communication Technology Center at the University of the South Pacific (Phase II)	GA	────						8.57	
		ICT for Human Development and Human Security Project	TCP	────							
		Classroom building Project	GHGA	──							
		Volunteers for Mathematics and PEMAC in Basic Education	JOCV/SV	───────────							
		Training Courses for Mathematics	TR	────────							

【Development Issue】 Stimulating Economic Activities in Island Areas

【Background】
Whilst rural and outer islands are main resources of agriculture, marine products, minerals and the tourism industry, the insufficiency of human resource development and infrastructure in rural areas leads to population flow from rural to urban areas and a growing number of squatter settlements, which is a great concern for Fiji. Well-balanced sustainable development of urban and rural areas requires improvement in the living environment and human resource development for sustainable livelihoods. It requires measures to address resource degradation.

【Japan's Assistance policy】
Japan provides assistance for developing rural and outer islands and for improving rural livelihood mainly by dispatching volunteers.

Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule Before JFY 2011	JFY 2012	JFY 2013	JFY 2014	JFY 2015	JFY 2016	Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note
Program for Industrial promotion	In order to achieve a well-balanced development of urban and rural areas with the sustainable utilization of resources in rural areas, this program supports promoting rural industries, through improving living conditions in remote and outer islands and developing capable human resources.	Project for Strengthening the Implementation Capability of South-South Cooperation	TCP		– – – – – – – – – – –						
		Fiji Rural Coastal Community New Livelihoods Project	GHGA	────────							
		Volunteers for Small and Medium-sized Enterprize (SME) Industry Development	JOCV/SV	────────							
		Training Courses for SME Industry Development	TR	────────							

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Area-focused Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [SV] = Senior Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [GTC]=Grassroots Technical Cooperation, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [GA] = Grant Aid (other than specific grant aid schemes listed below), [NPGA] = Non-Project Grant Aid, [GHGA] = Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid, [JNGA] = Grant Aid for Japanese NGO's Projects, [CGA] = Cultural Grant Aid, [GCGA] = Grassroots Cultural Grant Aid, [LA] = Loan Aid (Yen-Loan), [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation,